CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT DIGEST FOR EHB 1207

Citations Affected: IC 4-1-8-1; IC 6-1.1-12.1-3; IC 7.1.

Synopsis: Various alcoholic beverage matters. Exempts the alcohol and tobacco commission (ATC) from statutes that prevent a state agency from compelling an individual to disclose a Social Security number. Prohibits the ATC from issuing a beer wholesaler's permit to a person who has not been a bona fide Indiana resident for one year. Provides that the five year residency requirement for beer wholesalers remains in effect for contracts entered into before July 1, 2004. Prohibits the ATC from issuing a beer wholesaler's permit to a limited liability company, a limited partnership, or a corporation unless at least 60% of the membership interest, partnership interest, or common stock is owned by persons who have been bona fide Indiana residents for one year. Allows the ATC to issue a beer or wine wholesaler's permit to a corporation, limited liability company, or limited partnership if no stockholder or person having an interest is a resident of the county in which the licensed premises is to be situated. Allows the holder of a retailer's permit to have an interest in a brewer's permit of a brewery that manufactures not more than 20,000 barrels in a calendar year. Allows a microbrewer to sell beer by the glass at a brewery if the microbrewer furnishes the minimum food requirements prescribed by the ATC. Provides that the holder of a beer, wine, and liquor retailer permit may allow the self-service of alcoholic beverages in a suite of a civic center, a sports arena, a stadium, an exhibition hall, an auditorium, a theater, a tract that contains a paved automobile racetrack more than two miles in length, or a convention center. Increases the attendance and duration of an event at which the holder of an excursion and adjacent landsite permit provides free alcoholic beverages. Provides that if an applicant for an alcoholic beverage permit for a restaurant in a municipal riverfront development project already holds a three-way permit for the premises, the applicant is not eligible for the special permit. Specifies the criteria that an applicant must demonstrate in applying for a special permit in a municipal riverfront development project. Allows a supplemental retailer to sell alcoholic beverages on Sunday from 10 a.m. to 12:30 a.m. Allows a beer, wine, or liquor wholesaler to obtain a deduction for the redevelopment or rehabilitation of real property in areas designated as economic revitalization areas. Eliminates Indiana residency requirements of members or partners of a partnership or limited liability company that holds a brewery permit and operates a

microbrewery. Exempts a licensed premises owned or operated by an educational institution of higher learning or an automobile racetrack from provisions imposing criminal or civil liability for the presence of a minor in a public place where alcoholic beverages are sold. Repeals a statute that prohibits a corporation that does business in Indiana from enabling a nonresident of Indiana to control or acquire an interest in a beer wholesaler's permit. Allows a liquor retailer or a package liquor store to provide samples of beer that do not exceed six ounces. Makes conforming amendments. (This conference committee report: (1) Prohibits the ATC from issuing a beer wholesaler's permit to a corporation unless the owners of at least 60% of the common stock of a corporation are bona fide Indiana residents. (2) Requires a restaurant to be located in an economic development area, blighted area or urban renewal area in order to obtain a municipal riverfront development project special permit. (3) Allows the ATC to issue an alcoholic beverage permit to a restaurant in a municipal riverfront development project if the premises is located not more than six city blocks from the river or 3,000 feet from the river, whichever is greater, the permit applicant satisfies criteria established by the ATC, and the permit premises is not located within 200 feet of facilities owned by a state educational institution. (4) Requires an event at which the holder of an excursion and landsite permit provides free alcoholic beverages to be attended by not more than 650 guests. (5) Specifies that a brewer's permit may be issued to a partnership or a limited liability company that exists under the laws of Indiana. (6) Makes technical changes.)

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2004.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MR. SPEAKER:

Your Conference Committee appointed to confer with a like committee from the Senate upon Engrossed Senate Amendments to Engrossed House Bill No. 1207 respectfully reports that said two committees have conferred and agreed as follows to wit:

that the House recede from its dissent from all Senate amendments and that the House now concur in all Senate amendments to the bill and that the bill be further amended as follows:

1	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
2	SECTION 1. IC 4-1-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2003,
3	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 1. (a) No individual may be compelled by any state
5	agency, board, commission, department, bureau, or other entity of state
6	government (referred to as "state agency" in this chapter) to provide the
7	individual's Social Security number to the state agency against the
8	individual's will, absent federal requirements to the contrary. However,
9	the provisions of this chapter do not apply to the following:
10	(1) Department of state revenue.
11	(2) Department of workforce development.
12	(3) The programs administered by:
13	(A) the division of family and children;
14	(B) the division of mental health and addiction;
15	(C) the division of disability, aging, and rehabilitative services;
16	and
17	(D) the office of Medicaid policy and planning;
18	of the office of the secretary of family and social services.

(4) Auditor of state.

- (5) State personnel department.
 - (6) Secretary of state, with respect to the registration of broker-dealers, agents, and investment advisors.
 - (7) The legislative ethics commission, with respect to the registration of lobbyists.
 - (8) Indiana department of administration, with respect to bidders on contracts.
 - (9) Indiana department of transportation, with respect to bidders on contracts.
 - (10) Health professions bureau.
 - (11) Indiana professional licensing agency.
 - (12) Indiana department of insurance, with respect to licensing of insurance producers.
 - (13) A pension fund administered by the board of trustees of the public employees' retirement fund.
 - (14) The Indiana state teachers' retirement fund.
 - (15) The state police benefit system.

(16) The alcohol and tobacco commission.

- (b) The bureau of motor vehicles may, notwithstanding this chapter, require the following:
 - (1) That an individual include the individual's Social Security number in an application for an official certificate of title for any vehicle required to be titled under IC 9-17.
 - (2) That an individual include the individual's Social Security number on an application for registration.
 - (3) That a corporation, limited liability company, firm, partnership, or other business entity include its federal tax identification number on an application for registration.
- (c) The Indiana department of administration, the Indiana department of transportation, the health professions bureau, and the Indiana professional licensing agency may require an employer to provide its federal employer identification number.
- (d) The department of correction may require a committed offender to provide the offender's Social Security number for purposes of matching data with the Social Security Administration to determine benefit eligibility.
- (e) The Indiana gaming commission may, notwithstanding this chapter, require the following:
 - (1) That an individual include the individual's Social Security number in any application for a riverboat owner's license, supplier's license, or occupational license.
 - (2) That a sole proprietorship, a partnership, an association, a fiduciary, a corporation, a limited liability company, or any other business entity include its federal tax identification number on an application for a riverboat owner's license or supplier's license.
- (f) Notwithstanding this chapter, the professional standards board established by IC 20-1-1.4-2 may require an individual who applies to the board for a license or an endorsement to provide the individual's Social Security number. The Social Security number may be used by

the board only for conducting a background investigation, if the board is authorized by statute to conduct a background investigation of an individual for issuance of the license or endorsement.

SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-12.1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.90-2002, SECTION 118, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) An applicant must provide a statement of benefits to the designating body. If the designating body requires information from the applicant for economic revitalization area status for use in making its decision about whether to designate an economic revitalization area, the applicant shall provide the completed statement of benefits form to the designating body before the hearing required by section 2.5(c) of this chapter. Otherwise, the statement of benefits form must be submitted to the designating body before the initiation of the redevelopment or rehabilitation for which the person desires to claim a deduction under this chapter. The department of local government finance shall prescribe a form for the statement of benefits. The statement of benefits must include the following information:

- (1) A description of the proposed redevelopment or rehabilitation.
- (2) An estimate of the number of individuals who will be employed or whose employment will be retained by the person as a result of the redevelopment or rehabilitation and an estimate of the annual salaries of these individuals.
- (3) An estimate of the value of the redevelopment or rehabilitation. With the approval of the designating body, the statement of benefits may be incorporated in a designation application. Notwithstanding any other law, a statement of benefits is a public record that may be inspected and copied under IC 5-14-3-3.
- (b) The designating body must review the statement of benefits required under subsection (a). The designating body shall determine whether an area should be designated an economic revitalization area or whether a deduction should be allowed, based on (and after it has made) the following findings:
 - (1) Whether the estimate of the value of the redevelopment or rehabilitation is reasonable for projects of that nature.
 - (2) Whether the estimate of the number of individuals who will be employed or whose employment will be retained can be reasonably expected to result from the proposed described redevelopment or rehabilitation.
 - (3) Whether the estimate of the annual salaries of those individuals who will be employed or whose employment will be retained can be reasonably expected to result from the proposed described redevelopment or rehabilitation.
 - (4) Whether any other benefits about which information was requested are benefits that can be reasonably expected to result from the proposed described redevelopment or rehabilitation.
 - (5) Whether the totality of benefits is sufficient to justify the deduction.

A designating body may not designate an area an economic revitalization area or approve a deduction unless the findings required by this subsection are made in the affirmative.

- (c) Except as provided in subsections (a) through (b), the owner of property which is located in an economic revitalization area is entitled to a deduction from the assessed value of the property. If the area is a residentially distressed area, the period is not more than five (5) years. For all other economic revitalization areas designated before July 1, 2000, the period is three (3), six (6), or ten (10) years. For all economic revitalization areas designated after June 30, 2000, the period is the number of years determined under subsection (d). The owner is entitled to a deduction if:
 - (1) the property has been rehabilitated; or

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(2) the property is located on real estate which has been redeveloped.

The owner is entitled to the deduction for the first year, and any successive year or years, in which an increase in assessed value resulting from the rehabilitation or redevelopment occurs and for the following years determined under subsection (d). However, property owners who had an area designated an urban development area pursuant to an application filed prior to January 1, 1979, are only entitled to a deduction for a five (5) year period. In addition, property owners who are entitled to a deduction under this chapter pursuant to an application filed after December 31, 1978, and before January 1, 1986, are entitled to a deduction for a ten (10) year period.

- (d) For an area designated as an economic revitalization area after June 30, 2000, that is not a residentially distressed area, the designating body shall determine the number of years for which the property owner is entitled to a deduction. However, the deduction may not be allowed for more than ten (10) years. This determination shall be made:
 - (1) as part of the resolution adopted under section 2.5 of this chapter; or
 - (2) by resolution adopted within sixty (60) days after receiving a copy of a property owner's certified deduction application from the county auditor. A certified copy of the resolution shall be sent to the county auditor who shall make the deduction as provided in section 5 of this chapter.

A determination about the number of years the deduction is allowed that is made under subdivision (1) is final and may not be changed by following the procedure under subdivision (2).

- (e) Except for deductions related to redevelopment or rehabilitation of real property in a county containing a consolidated city or a deduction related to redevelopment or rehabilitation of real property initiated before December 31, 1987, in areas designated as economic revitalization areas before that date, a deduction for the redevelopment or rehabilitation of real property may not be approved for the following facilities:
 - (1) Private or commercial golf course.
- (2) Country club.
 - (3) Massage parlor.
- 47 (4) Tennis club.
- 48 (5) Skating facility (including roller skating, skateboarding, or ice skating).
- 50 (6) Racquet sport facility (including any handball or racquetball

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             court).
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             (7) Hot tub facility.
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             (8) Suntan facility.
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             (9) Racetrack.
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             (10) Any facility the primary purpose of which is:
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               (A) retail food and beverage service;
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               (B) automobile sales or service; or
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               (C) other retail;
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              unless the facility is located in an economic development target area
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              established under section 7 of this chapter.
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             (11) Residential, unless:
               (A) the facility is a multifamily facility that contains at least
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               twenty percent (20%) of the units available for use by low and
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               moderate income individuals;
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               (B) the facility is located in an economic development target area
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               established under section 7 of this chapter; or
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               (C) the area is designated as a residentially distressed area.
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              (12) A package liquor store that holds a liquor dealer's permit under
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              IC 7.1-3-10 or any other entity that is required to operate under a
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              license issued under IC 7.1. This subdivision does not apply to an
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              applicant that:
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               (A) was eligible for tax abatement under this chapter before July
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               1, 1995; <del>or</del>
               (B) is described in IC 7.1-5-7-11; or
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               (C) operates a facility under:
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                  (i) a beer wholesaler's permit under IC 7.1-3-3;
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                  (ii) a liquor wholesaler's permit under IC 7.1-3-8; or
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                  (iii) a wine wholesaler's permit under IC 7.1-3-13;
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               for which the applicant claims a deduction under this
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               chapter.
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           (f) This subsection applies only to a county having a population of
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         more than two hundred thousand (200,000) but less than three hundred
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         thousand (300,000). Notwithstanding subsection (e)(11), in a county
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         subject to this subsection a designating body may, before September 1,
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         2000, approve a deduction under this chapter for the redevelopment or
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         rehabilitation of real property consisting of residential facilities that are
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         located in unincorporated areas of the county if the designating body
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         makes a finding that the facilities are needed to serve any combination
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         of the following:
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             (1) Elderly persons who are predominately low-income or
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             moderate-income persons.
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              (2) Disabled persons.
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         A designating body may adopt an ordinance approving a deduction
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         under this subsection only one (1) time. This subsection expires
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         January 1, 2011.
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           SECTION 3. IC 7.1-2-3-16.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
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         FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 16.5. (a) As used in this
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         section, "facility" includes the following:
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(1) A facility to which IC 7.1-3-1-25(a) applies.

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- (2) A tract that contains a premises that is described in $\frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{1$
 - (3) A horse track or satellite facility to which IC 7.1-3-17.7 applies.
 - (4) A tract that contains an entertainment complex.
- (b) As used in this section, "tract" has the meaning set forth in IC 6-1.1-1-22.5.
 - (c) A facility may advertise alcoholic beverages:
 - (1) in the facility's interior; or
 - (2) on the facility's exterior.

- (d) The commission may not exercise the prohibition power contained in section 16(a) of this chapter on advertising by a brewer, distiller, rectifier, or vintner in or on a facility.
- (e) Notwithstanding IC 7.1-5-5-10 and IC 7.1-5-5-11, a facility may provide advertising to a permittee that is a brewer, distiller, rectifier, or vintner in exchange for compensation from that permittee.
- SECTION 4. IC 7.1-3-1-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2000, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 14. (a) It is lawful for an appropriate permittee, unless otherwise specifically provided in this title, to sell alcoholic beverages each day Monday through Saturday from 7 a.m., prevailing local time, until 3 a.m., prevailing local time, the following day. Sales shall cease wholly on Sunday at 3 a.m., prevailing local time, and not be resumed until the following Monday at 7 a.m., prevailing local time.
- (b) It is lawful for the holder of a supplemental retailer's permit which is not specified in subsection (c) to sell the appropriate alcoholic beverages on Sunday from noon, 10 a.m., prevailing local time, until 12:30 a.m., prevailing local time, the following day.
- (c) It is lawful for the holder of a supplemental retailer's permit to sell the appropriate alcoholic beverages on Sunday from 11:00 a.m., prevailing local time, until 12:30 a.m., prevailing local time, the following day if the holder of the permit meets the following criteria:
 - (1) the holder of the permit is a hotel; or
 - (2) the holder of the permit meets the requirements of 905 IAC 1-41-2(a).
- (d) Notwithstanding subsections (b) and (c), if December 31 (New Year's Eve) is on a Sunday, it is lawful for the holder of a supplemental retailer's permit to sell the appropriate alcoholic beverages on Sunday, December 31 from the time provided in subsection (b) or (c) until 3 a.m. the following day.
- (e) (c) It is lawful for the holder of a permit under this article to sell alcoholic beverages at athletic or sports events held on Sunday upon premises that:
 - (1) are described in section 25(a) of this chapter;
 - (2) are a facility used in connection with the operation of a paved track more than two (2) miles in length that is used primarily in the sport of auto racing; or
- (3) are being used for a professional or an amateur tournament; beginning one (1) hour before the scheduled starting time of the event or, if the scheduled starting time of the event is 1 p.m. or later, beginning at noon.

(f) (d) It is lawful for the holder of a valid beer, wine, or liquor 1 2 wholesaler's permit to sell to the holder of a valid retailer's or dealer's 3 permit at any time. 4 SECTION 5. IC 7.1-3-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS 5 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as provided in 6 **subsection (b),** the commission may issue a brewer's permit only to: 7 (1) an individual; 8 (2) a partnership, all the partners of which are bona fide residents 9 of this state; Indiana; 10 (3) a limited liability company, all the members of which are bona 11 fide residents of this state; Indiana; or 12 (4) a corporation organized and existing under the laws of this state 13 Indiana and having authority under its charter to manufacture or 14 sell beer. (b) The commission may issue a brewer's permit to a brewer for 15 16 a brewery that manufactures not more than twenty thousand 17 (20,000) barrels of beer in a calendar year to: 18 (1) an individual; 19 (2) a partnership organized and existing under the laws of 20 Indiana: 21 (3) a limited liability company organized and existing under 22 the laws of Indiana; or 23 (4) a corporation organized and existing under the laws of 24 Indiana. 25 SECTION 6. IC 7.1-3-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.177-1999, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 26 27 JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 7. The holder of a brewer's permit or an 28 out-of-state brewer holding either a primary source of supply permit or 29 an out-of-state brewer's permit may do the following: 30 (1) Manufacture beer. 31 (2) Place beer in containers or bottles. 32 (3) Transport beer. 33 (4) Sell and deliver beer to a person holding a beer wholesaler's 34 permit issued under IC 7.1-3-3. 35 (5) If the brewer's brewery manufactures not more than twenty 36 thousand (20,000) barrels of beer in a calendar year, do the 37 following: 38 (A) Sell and deliver beer to a person holding a retailer or a dealer 39 permit under this title. 40 (B) Be the proprietor of a restaurant. 41 (C) Hold a beer retailer's permit, a wine retailer's permit, or a 42 liquor retailer's permit for a restaurant established under clause 43 44 (D) Transfer beer directly from the brewery to the restaurant by 45 (i) bulk containers; or 46 47 (ii) a continuous flow system.

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(E) Install a window between the brewery and an adjacent

restaurant that allows the public and the permittee to view both

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1 premises. 2 (F) Install a doorway or other opening between the brewery and 3 an adjacent restaurant that provides the public and the permittee 4 with access to both premises. 5 (G) Sell the brewery's beer by the glass for consumption on 6 the premises. Brewers permitted to sell beer by the glass 7 under this clause must furnish the minimum food 8 requirements prescribed by the commission. 9 (6) If the brewer's brewery manufactures more than twenty 10 thousand (20,000) barrels of beer in a calendar year, own a portion 11 of the corporate stock of another brewery that: 12 (A) is located in the same county as the brewer's brewery; 13 (B) manufactures less than twenty thousand (20,000) barrels of 14 beer in a calendar year; and 15 (C) is the proprietor of a restaurant that operates under 16 subdivision (5). 17 (7) Sell and deliver beer to a consumer at the plant of the brewer or 18 at the residence of the consumer. The delivery to a consumer shall 19 be made only in a quantity at any one (1) time of not more than 20 one-half (1/2) barrel, but the beer may be contained in bottles or 21 other permissible containers. 22 (8) Provide complimentary samples of beer that are: 23 (A) produced by the brewer; and 24 (B) offered to consumers for consumption on the brewer's 25 premises. 26 (9) Own a portion of the corporate stock of a sports corporation 27 (A) manages a minor league baseball stadium located in the same 28 29 county as the brewer's brewery; and 30 (B) holds a beer retailer's permit, a wine retailer's permit, or a 31 liquor retailer's permit for a restaurant located in that stadium. (10) For beer described in IC 7.1-1-2-3(a)(4): 32 33 (A) may allow transportation to and consumption of the beer on 34 the licensed premises; and 35 (B) may not sell, offer to sell, or allow sale of the beer on the 36 licensed premises. 37 SECTION 7. IC 7.1-3-9-11, AS ADDED BY P.L.12-1999, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 38 39 2004]: Sec. 11. (a) A liquor retailer may allow customers to sample the 40 following: 41 (1) **Beer.** 42 **(2)** Wines. 43 (2) (3) Liquors. 44 (3) (4) Liqueurs and cordials (as defined in 27 CFR 5.22(h)). 45 (b) Sampling is permitted only: 46 (1) on the liquor retailer's permit premises; and 47 (2) during the permittee's regular business hours. (c) A liquor retailer may not charge for the samples provided to 48 49 customers.

- 9 1 (d) Sample size of wines may not exceed one (1) ounce. 2 (e) In addition to the other provisions of this section, a liquor retailer 3 who allows customers to sample liquors, liqueurs, or cordials shall 4 comply with all of the following: 5 (1) A liquor retailer may allow a customer to sample only a 6 combined total of two (2) liquor, liqueur, or cordial samples per 7 day. 8 (2) Sample size of liqueurs or cordials may not exceed one-half 9 (1/2) ounce. 10 (3) Sample size of liquors may not exceed four-tenths (0.4) ounce. 11 (f) A sample size of beer may not exceed six (6) ounces. 12 SECTION 8. IC 7.1-3-9-12 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 13 AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 14 1, 2004]: Sec. 12. (a) This section applies to: 15 (1) the holder of a three-way permit that is issued to a civic 16 center, a sports arena, a stadium, an exhibition hall, an 17 auditorium, a theater, a tract that contains a premises that is 18 described in IC 7.1-3-1-14(c)(2), or a convention center; or 19 (2) the holder of a catering permit while catering alcoholic 20 beverages at a civic center, a sports arena, a stadium, an 21 exhibition hall, an auditorium, a theater, a tract that contains 22 a premises that is described in IC 7.1-3-1-14(c)(2), or a 23 convention center. 24 (b) As used in this section, "suite" means an area in a building or facility referred to in subsection (a) that: 25 26 (1) is not accessible to the general public; 27 (2) has accommodations for not more than seventy-five (75) 28 persons per suite; and
 - (3) is accessible only to persons who possess a ticket:
 - (A) to an event in a building or facility referred to in subsection (a); and
 - (B) that entitles the person to occupy the area while viewing the event described in clause (A).

The term does not include a restaurant, lounge, or concession area, even if access to the restaurant, lounge, or concession area is limited to certain ticket holders.

- (c) A permittee may allow the self-service of individual servings of alcoholic beverages in a suite.
 - (d) A person who:

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- (1) possesses a ticket described in subsection (b)(3); and
- (2) is at least twenty-one (21) years of age;
- may obtain an alcoholic beverage in a suite by self-service.
- 43 (e) A permittee may do any of the following:
- 44 (1) Demand that a person occupying a suite provide:
- 45 (A) a written statement under IC 7.1-5-7-4; and
- 46 **(B)** identification indicating that the person is at least twenty-one (21) years of age.
 - (2) Supervise the self-service of alcoholic beverages.

(3) Have an employee in the suite who holds an employee permit under IC 7.1-3-18-9 to serve some or all of the alcoholic beverages.

SECTION 9. IC 7.1-3-10-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.12-1999, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 13. (a) A liquor dealer permittee who is a proprietor of a package liquor store may allow customers to sample the following:

- (1) **Beer.**
- (2) Wines.

- (2) (3) Liquors.
- (3) (4) Liqueurs and cordials (as defined in 27 CFR 5.22(h)).
- (b) Sampling is permitted:
 - (1) only on the package liquor store permit premises; and
 - (2) only during the store's regular business hours.
- (c) No charge may be made for the samples provided to the customers.
 - (d) Sample size of wines may not exceed one (1) ounce.
- (e) In addition to the other provisions of this section, a proprietor who allows customers to sample liquors, liqueurs, or cordials shall comply with all of the following:
 - (1) A proprietor may allow a customer to sample not more than a combined total of two (2) liquor, liqueur, or cordial samples per day.
 - (2) Sample size of liqueurs or cordials may not exceed one-half (1/2) ounce.
 - (3) Sample size of liquors may not exceed four-tenths (0.4) ounce.
- (f) Sample size of beer may not exceed six (6) ounces.

SECTION 10. IC 7.1-3-17.5-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.250-2003, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 6. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-5-5-7, the holder of an excursion and adjacent landsite permit may, subject to the approval of the commission, provide alcoholic beverages to guests without charge at an event on the licensed premises if all the following requirements are met:

- (1) The event is attended by not more than five hundred (500) six hundred fifty (650) guests.
- (2) The event is not more than three (3) six (6) hours in duration.
- (3) Each alcoholic beverage dispensed to a guest:
 - (A) is entered into a cash register that records and itemizes on the cash register tape each alcoholic beverage dispensed; and
 - (B) is entered into a cash register as a sale and at the same price that is charged to the general public.
- (4) At the conclusion of the event, all alcoholic beverages recorded on the cash register tape are paid by the holder of the excursion and adjacent landsite permit.
- (5) All records of the alcoholic beverage sales, including the cash register tape, shall be maintained by the holder of the excursion and adjacent landsite permit for not less than two (2) years.

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1	(6) The holder of the excursion and adjacent landsite permit
2	complies with the rules of the commission. SECTION 11. IC 7.1-3-20-16.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
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	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 16.1. (a) This section applies to a municipal
6	riverfront development project authorized under section 16(d) of
7	this chapter.
8	(b) In order to qualify for a permit, an applicant must
9	demonstrate that the municipal riverfront development project
10	area where the permit is to be located meets the following
11	criteria:
12	(1) The project boundaries must border on at least one (1) side
13	of a river.
14	(2) The proposed permit premises may not be located more
15	than:
16	(A) one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet; or
17	(B) three (3) city blocks;
18	from the river, whichever is greater. However, if the area
19	adjacent to the river is incapable of being developed because
20	the area is in a floodplain, or for any other reason that
21	prevents the area from being developed, the distances
22	described in clauses (A) and (B) are measured from the city
23	blocks located nearest to the river that are capable of being
24	developed.
25	(3) The permit premises are located within:
26	(A) an economic development area, a blighted area, an
27	urban renewal area, or a redevelopment area established
28	under IC 36-7-14, IC 36-7-14.5, or IC 36-7-15.1; or
29	(B) an economic development project district under
30	IC 36-7-15.2 or IC 36-7-26.
31	(4) The project must be funded in part with state and city
32	money.
33	(5) The boundaries of the municipal riverfront development
34	project must be designated by ordinance or resolution by the
35	legislative body (as defined in IC 36-1-2-9(3) or
36	IC 36-1-2-9(4)) of the city in which the project is located.
37	(c) Proof of compliance with subsection (b) must consist of the
38	following documentation, which is required at the time the permit
39	application is filed with the commission:
40	(1) A detailed map showing:
41	(A) definite boundaries of the entire municipal riverfront
42	development project; and
43	(B) the location of the proposed permit within the project.
44	(2) A copy of the local ordinance or resolution of the local
45	governing body authorizing the municipal riverfront
46	development project.
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(3) Detailed information concerning the expenditures of state

and city funds on the municipal riverfront development project.

- (d) Notwithstanding subsection (b), the commission may issue a permit for premises, the location of which does not meet the criteria of subsection (b)(2), if all the following requirements are met:
 - (1) All other requirements of this section and section 16(d) of this chapter are satisfied.
 - (2) The proposed premises is located not more than:
 - (A) three thousand (3,000) feet; or
 - (B) six (6) blocks;

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from the river, whichever is greater. However, if the area adjacent to the river is incapable of being developed because the area is in a floodplain, or for any other reason that prevents the area from being developed, the distances described in clauses (A) and (B) are measured from the city blocks located nearest to the river that are capable of being developed.

- (3) The permit applicant satisfies the criteria established by the commission by rule adopted under IC 4-22-2. The criteria established by the commission may require that the proposed premises be located in an area or district set forth in subsection (b)(3).
- (4) The permit premises may not be located less than two hundred (200) feet from facilities owned by a state educational institution (as defined in IC 20-12-0.5-1).
- (e) A permit may not be issued if the proposed permit premises is the location of an existing three-way permit subject to IC 7.1-3-22-3.

SECTION 12. IC 7.1-3-21-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 3. Residency Requirements. (a) The commission shall not issue:

- (1) an alcoholic beverage wholesaler's, retailer's or dealer's permit of any type; or
- (2) a wine wholesaler's or liquor wholesaler's permit; to a person who has not been a continuous and bona fide resident of this state Indiana for five (5) years immediately preceding the date of the application for a permit.
- (b) The commission shall not issue a beer wholesaler's permit to a person who has not been a continuous and bona fide resident of Indiana for one (1) year.

SECTION 13. IC 7.1-3-21-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5. (a) Corporations. The commission shall not issue:

- (1) an alcoholic beverage wholesaler's, retailer's or dealer's permit of any type; or
- (2) a wine wholesaler's or liquor wholesaler's permit;

to a corporation unless sixty percent (60%) of the outstanding common stock is owned by persons who have been continuous and bona fide residents of this state Indiana for five (5) years.

- (b) The commission shall not issue a beer wholesaler's permit to a corporation unless at least sixty percent (60%) of the outstanding common stock is owned by persons who have been continuous and bona fide residents of Indiana for one (1) year.
- (c) The commission shall not issue an alcoholic beverage a liquor wholesaler's permit of any type to a corporation unless at least one (1) of the stockholders shall have been a resident, for at least one (1) year immediately prior to making application for the permit, of the county in which the licensed premises are to be situated.
- (c) (d) Each officer and stockholder of a corporation shall possess all other qualifications required of an individual applicant for that particular type of permit.

SECTION 14. IC 7.1-3-21-5.2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5.2. (a) The commission shall not issue:

- (1) an alcoholic beverage wholesalers, retailers retailer's or dealers dealer's permit of any type; or
- (2) a wine wholesaler's or liquor wholesaler's permit; to a limited partnership unless at least sixty percent (60%) of the partnership interest is owned by persons who have been continuous and bona fide residents of Indiana for five (5) years.
- (b) The commission shall not issue a beer wholesaler's permit to a limited partnership unless at least sixty percent (60%) of the partnership interest is owned by persons who have been continuous and bona fide residents of Indiana for one (1) year.
- (c) The commission shall not issue an alcoholic beverage a liquor wholesaler's permit of any type to a limited partnership unless for at least one (1) year immediately before making application for the permit, at least one (1) of the persons having a partnership interest has been a resident of the county in which the licensed premises are to be situated.
- (c) (d) Each general partner and limited partner of a limited partnership must possess all other qualifications required of an individual applicant for that particular type of permit.
- SECTION 15. IC 7.1-3-21-5.4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 5.4. (a) The commission shall not issue:
 - (1) an alcoholic beverage wholesalers, retailers retailer's or dealers dealer's permit of any type; or
- (2) a wine wholesaler's or liquor wholesaler's permit; to a limited liability company unless at least sixty percent (60%) of the membership interest is owned by persons who have been continuous and bona fide residents of Indiana for five (5) years.
- (b) The commission shall not issue a beer wholesaler's permit to a limited liability company unless at least sixty percent (60%) of the membership interest is owned by persons who have been

continuous and bona fide residents of Indiana for one (1) year.

- (c) The commission shall not issue an alcoholic beverage a liquor wholesaler's permit of any type to a limited liability company unless for at least one (1) year immediately before making application for the permit, at least one (1) of the persons having a membership interest has been a resident of the county in which the licensed premises are to be situated.
- (c) (d) Each manager and member of a limited liability company must possess all other qualifications required of an individual applicant for that particular type of permit.

SECTION 16. IC 7.1-5-7-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.117-2000, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) The provisions of sections 9 and 10 of this chapter shall not apply if the public place involved is one (1) of the following:

- (1) Civic center.
- (2) Convention center.
- 18 (3) Sports arena.
 - (4) Bowling center.
 - (5) Bona fide club.
- 21 (6) Drug store.
- 22 (7) Grocery store.
- 23 (8) Boat.

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- 24 (9) Dining car.
 - (10) Pullman car.
- 26 (11) Club car.
- 27 (12) Passenger airplane.
- 28 (13) Horse racetrack facility holding a recognized meeting permit under IC 4-31-5.
- 30 (14) Satellite facility (as defined in IC 4-31-2-20.5).
- 31 (15) Catering hall under IC 7.1-3-20-24 that is not open to the public.
 - (16) That part of a hotel or restaurant which is separate from a room in which is located a bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink.
 - (17) Entertainment complex.
- 37 (18) Indoor golf facility.
 - (19) A recreational facility such as a golf course, bowling center, or similar facility to which IC 7.1-3-16.5-2(c) applies.
 - (20) A licensed premises owned or operated by an educational institution of higher learning (as defined in IC 20-12-15-1).
 - (21) An automobile racetrack.
 - (b) For the purpose of this subsection, "food" means meals prepared on the licensed premises. It is lawful for a minor to be on licensed premises in a room in which is located a bar over which alcoholic beverages are sold or dispensed by the drink if all the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The minor is eighteen (18) years of age or older.
- 49 (2) The minor is in the company of a parent, guardian, or family

member who is twenty-one (21) years of age or older. 1 2 (3) The purpose for being on the licensed premises is the 3 consumption of food and not the consumption of alcoholic 4 beverages. 5 SECTION 17. IC 7.1-5-9-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 6 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 10. Retailer Owning 7 Interest in Another Permit Prohibited. (a) Except as provided in 8 subsection (b), it is unlawful for a holder of a retailer's permit of any 9 type to acquire, hold, own, or possess an interest of any type in a 10 manufacturer's or wholesaler's permit of any type. 11 (b) It is lawful for a holder of a retailer's permit of any type to 12 acquire, hold, own, or possess an interest of any type in a brewer's 13 permit for a brewery that manufactures not more than twenty 14 thousand (20,000) barrels of beer in a calendar year. 15 SECTION 18. IC 7.1-5-9-5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 16 2004]. 17 SECTION 19. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] IC 6-1.1-12.1-3, as 18 amended by this act, applies to property taxes first due and 19 payable after December 31, 2004. 20 SECTION 20. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004] IC 7.1-3-20-16.1, as 21 added by this act, applies to an application for a permit received 22 after June 30, 2004. 23 SECTION 21. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004] Notwithstanding 24 IC 7.1-3-21-3, IC 7.1-3-21-5, IC 7.1-3-21-5.2, and IC 7.1-3-21-5.4, 25 all as amended by this act, the residency requirement of five (5) years for beer wholesalers under IC 7.1-3-21-3, IC 7.1-3-21-5, 26 IC 7.1-3-21-5.2, and IC 7.1-3-21-5.4 (as those provisions existed on 27 28 June 30, 2004) shall remain in effect for all contracts entered into 29 before July 1, 2004, under which a permit is to be transferred

(Reference is to EHB 1207 as reprinted February 26, 2004.)

SECTION 22. An emergency is declared for this act.

resident at the time of execution of the contract.

from an Indiana resident to a person who was not an Indiana

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Conference Committee Report on Engrossed House Bill 1207

igned by:

Representative Kuzman
Chairperson

Representative Whetstone

Senator Server

Senator Broden

House Conferees

Senate Conferees